

Exercise 6

For the following exercises, use long division to divide. Specify the quotient and the remainder.

$$(4x^2 - 10x + 6) \div (4x + 2)$$

Solution

Set up the division problem, writing out every term in the dividend.

$$4x + 2 \overline{) 4x^2 - 10x + 6}$$

Divide the leading term of the dividend by the leading term of the divisor and place the result above the term with the same power of x .

$$4x + 2 \overline{) 4x^2 - 10x + 6} \quad \begin{array}{c} x \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Multiply this result by the divisor and subtract it from the dividend.

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x + 2 \overline{) 4x^2 - 10x + 6} \\ \underline{-(4x^2 + 2x)} \\ -12x \end{array}$$

Bring the next term in the dividend down.

$$\begin{array}{r} x \\ 4x+2 \overline{) 4x^2 - 10x + 6} \\ \underline{-(4x^2 + 2x)} \quad \downarrow \\ -12x + 6 \end{array}$$

Divide the leading term of this modified dividend by the leading term of the divisor and place the result above the term with the same power of x .

$$\begin{array}{r} x-3 \\ 4x+2 \overline{) 4x^2 - 10x + 6} \\ \underline{-(4x^2 + 2x)} \\ -12x + 6 \end{array}$$

Multiply this result by the divisor and subtract it from the modified dividend.

$$\begin{array}{r} x-3 \\ 4x+2 \overline{) 4x^2 - 10x + 6} \\ \underline{-(4x^2 + 2x)} \\ -12x + 6 \\ \underline{-(-12x - 6)} \\ 12 \end{array}$$

There are no further terms in the dividend to drop down, so the division is complete. The quotient is $x - 3$, and the remainder is 12.

$$\begin{aligned} (4x^2 - 10x + 6) \div (4x + 2) &= x - 3 + \frac{12}{4x + 2} \\ &= x - 3 + \frac{6}{2x + 1} \end{aligned}$$